



A H2020 Research and Innovation Action project, Grant Agreement number 814985

D7.8 – Final Dissemination and Communication Plan



This Deliverable 7.8 report is part of a project that has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 814985

WP 7: Dissemination, Communication and Exploitation

Task 7.2: Dissemination

Version: 00, Thursday, 30 September 2021

Technical References

Deliverable No.	D7.8
Dissemination level ¹	PU
Work Package	WP7
Task	T7.2
Lead beneficiary	University of Seville
Contributing beneficiary(ies)	All
Due date of deliverable	September 2020 (M30)
Actual submission date	September 2021 (M30)

- ¹
- PU = Public
 - PP = Restricted to other programme participants (including the Commission Services)
 - RE = Restricted to a group specified by the consortium (including the Commission Services)
 - CO = Confidential, only for members of the consortium (including the Commission Services)

History of Changes

Version	Date	Changes
0	28/09/2021	Version created by David Sánchez
1	29/09/2021	Comments made by Giampaolo Manzolini and implemented by David Sánchez
Final	30/09/2021	Final version approved by Giampaolo Manzolini
3		
4		

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Executive Summary

This document provides the final version of the Dissemination & Communication Plan of SCARABEUS. The document is comprised of seven Sections.

Sections 1 to 3 introduce the objectives of the project, to which dissemination and communications activities are inherently linked, and the scope of this deliverable report. Also, for the sake of clarity, precise definitions of the terms Dissemination, Communication and Exploitation are provided, as defined in the documents issued by the European Commission. Section 4 complements the foregoing information with the Contractual Obligations of the partners set forth in the Grant Agreement. Additional references to this information are given in Section 5.

Section 6 outlines the governance and managerial structure of the project, including the contact details of the key consortium members involved.

Section 7 provides the details of the Dissemination and Communication Plan of SCARABEUS. This includes the overall strategy and key stakeholders targeted by the consortium as well as the channels that are used to reach out to them. Specific dissemination activities are also listed, including the commitments of each consortium member put forward in the Grant Agreement. In this final version of the Dissemination & Communication Plan, the activities already carried out are presented and the associated outcome is discussed. When needed, modifications of the activities planned originally are incorporated along with a justification of these changes. Finally, Section 7 also includes the metrics that are being used to assess how effectively the Dissemination and Communication plan is implemented, and a schedule (calendar) of dissemination and communications activities to be developed by the consortium in the remainder of the project. In this regard, it is worth noting that the current success of the project, according to the metrics reported in the Grant Agreement, is *Moderate* but very close to *Good* (1.7 in a scale from 0 to 3, where the transition between these two categories takes place at 2) in spite of the current COVID-19 pandemic. Moreover, some key dissemination and communication activities rank *Good* or even *Excellent* already; this the case of conference papers and engagement of early-stage researchers (training).

In spite of the impact of the COVID pandemic, the consortium has already accomplished a large portion of the D&C objectives. For instance, at the time of writing this report, the consortium has already achieved 50% of the overall target regarding journal papers and almost 100% of the targeted conference papers and MSc and PhD theses. Additionally, the first promotional video has had more than three thousand views, what largely exceeds the objective set at the beginning of the project. The same applies to some posts on the SCARABEUS LinkedIn account.

Section 8 provides a quick look at the content of the Dissemination Logbook.

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Nomenclature/Acronyms

ABE	Abengoa
BH	Baker-Hughes
BoS	Board of Stakeholders
CapEx	Capital Costs
CITY	City, University of London
CSP	Concentrated Solar Power
DCP	Dissemination and Communication Plan
DM	Dissemination Manager
ESTELA	European Solar Thermal Electricity Association
GOA	Gold Open Access
IMB	Innovation Management Board
IPR	Intellectual Property Right
KAIST	Korea Advance Institute of Technology
KEL	Kelvion
LCoE	Levelized Cost of Electricity
NREL	National Renewable Energy Laboratory
OpEx	Operating Costs
PC	Project Coordinator
PMT	Project Management Team
POLIMI	Politecnico di Milano
PP	Restricted to other programme participants (including the Commission Services)
PU	Public
QUA	Quantis
QUT	Queensland University of Technology
RE	Restricted to a group specified by the consortium (including the Commission Services)
RES	Renewable Energies
R&I	Research and Innovation
RM	Risk Manager
TUW	Vienna University of Technology
UNIBS	University of Brescia
USE	University of Seville
WP	Work Package
WPL	Work Package Leader

Introduction

1 Project Objectives

SCARABEUS is framed in call H2020-LC-SC3-2018-RES (topic LC-SC3RES-11-2018) of the Horizon 2020 programme, whose specific challenge and expected impact are as follows:

- Specific challenge: Achieving or maintaining global leadership in renewable energy technology requires that the innovative solutions are also affordable. Therefore, cost reductions remain a crucial necessity for existing or new technologies. This specific challenge is in line with the sectorial cost reduction targets stated in the respective Declarations of Intent of the SET Plan, where applicable.
- Expected impact: The proposed solution will reduce the CAPEX and/or OPEX of energy generation from any of the mentioned renewable sources making it comparable to generation costs from competing fossil fuel sources.

With these features of the work programme in mind, the project is aimed at demonstrating that the application of supercritical CO₂ blends to CSP plants has the potential to reduce Capital Cost (CapEx) by 30% and Operating Cost (OpEx) by 35% with respect to state-of-the-art steam cycles, thus exceeding the reduction achievable with standard supercritical CO₂ technology. Such accomplishment would ultimately translate into a LCOE lower than 96 €/MWh, which is 30% lower than currently possible, as depicted in Figure 1. Also, a unique feature of the project is that it will demonstrate the innovative fluid and newly developed heat-exchangers at a relevant scale (300 kWth), for 300 h and in a CSP-like operating environment.

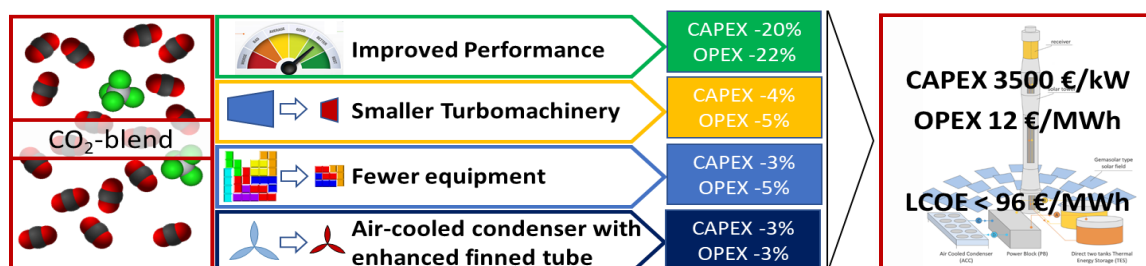


Figure 1 – Breakdown of cost reduction potential of SCARABEUS

The stepwise approach to this large cost reduction is illustrated in Figure 2 where the CapEx and OpEx reduction from state-of-the-art CSP plants based on steam turbines to the proposed SCARABEUS is shown.

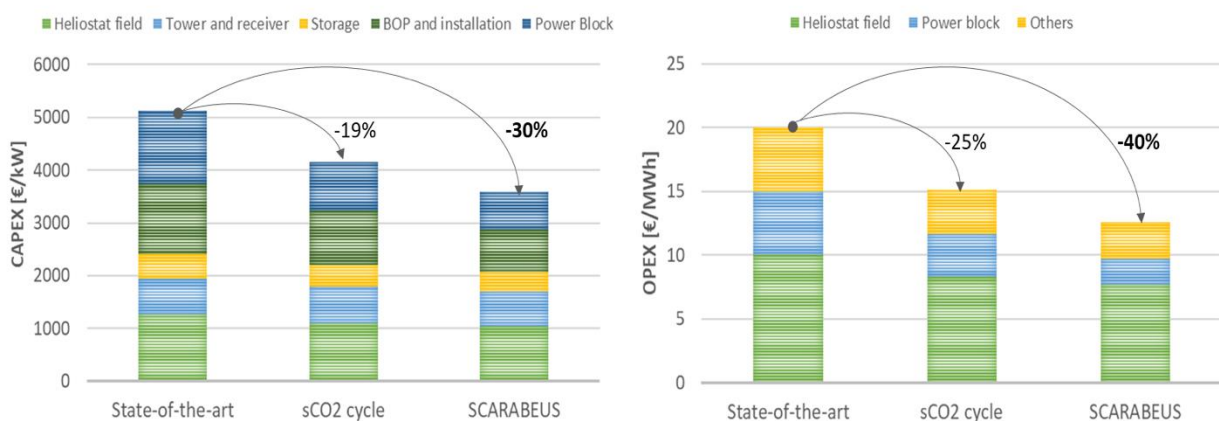


Figure 2 – Comparison of the cost reduction potential of SCARABEUS and standard sCO₂

2 Scope of the Document

This Deliverable Report D7.8 presents the final version of the Dissemination and Communication Plan whose scope is defined in Annex 1 of the Grant Agreement: *The Dissemination and Communication Plan will contain the information regarding overall dissemination activity: type of activities, schedule, who's who information (roles and responsibilities) of both the past and future dissemination activities. This is devised as a roadmap to any information produced by the project.* Being the last and final version of the DCP, deliverable D7.8 presents the dissemination and communication activities that have been carried out in the first thirty months of the project. The document also provides information about the activities planned for 2022 and 2032, from M30 to the end of the project.

3 Definitions

Dissemination and communication are key elements of any H2020 project. They have the purpose to increase the awareness of EU-funded R&I activities and project results in the understanding that this will directly and indirectly provide many benefits; for example, by helping to secure or increase research and innovation funding, establish new research or business contacts, and stimulate further research¹.

The terms Dissemination and Communication do imply a certain amount of overlap and the boundaries between the two might be unclear to individuals for whom the H2020 programme is not familiar. This is why the European Commission regularly issues documents aimed at facilitating the effective communication and dissemination activities in research and innovation actions; for instance, through the European IPR Helpdesk project.

The differences between Dissemination, Communication and Exploitation are shown in Figure 3. Whilst the latter is clearly dealing with paving the way to market deployment of the technology developed in the project, the first two are more similar. Indeed, dissemination and communication are related to disclosing information about the project. Nevertheless, despite this similarity, the focus of each activity is different:

- Communication is general and informative in a twofold sense: i) it is aimed at a much wider audience, and ii) it aims to inform about and promote the project and its results.
- Dissemination is technical in nature since it must provide the interested stakeholders with the necessary information to make use of the project results. Therefore, accessibility and usability of results are key to any dissemination activity.

A useful example of the difference and interlink between communication and dissemination is extracted from the “*Making the Most Out of Your H2020 Project*” report:

A magazine article highlighting the project's work and achievements that is written for communication purposes could end up in the hands of potential stakeholders outside the project and trigger interest in using some of the results. The initial communication tool has now become a dissemination tool as well. This illustrates how certain tools and activities can oscillate between communication and dissemination, depending on the target group and content.

¹ The European IPR Helpdesk, 2015, *Making the Most of Your H2020 Project*, H2020 programme, Grant Agreement No. 641474.

Communication	Dissemination	Exploitation	
<p>“Communication on projects is a strategically planned process that starts at the outset of the action and continues throughout its entire lifetime, aimed at promoting the action and its results. It requires strategic and targeted measures for communicating about (i) the action and (ii) its results to a multitude of audiences, including the media and the public and possibly engaging in a two-way exchange.”</p> <p>(Source: EC Research & Innovation Participant Portal Glossary/Reference Terms)</p>	<p>“The public disclosure of the results by any appropriate means (other than resulting from protecting or exploiting the results), including by scientific publications in any medium.”</p> <p>(Source: EC Research & Innovation Participant Portal Glossary/Reference Terms)</p>	<p>“The utilisation of results in further research activities other than those covered by the action concerned, or in developing, creating and marketing a product or process, or in creating and providing a service, or in standardisation activities.”</p> <p>(Source: EC Research & Innovation Participant Portal Glossary/Reference Terms)</p>	 Definition
<p>Reach out to society and show the impact and benefits of EU-funded R&I activities, e.g. by addressing and providing possible solutions to fundamental societal challenges.</p>	<p>Transfer knowledge & results with the aim to enable others to use and take up results, thus maximising the impact of EU-funded research.</p>	<p>Effectively use project results through scientific, economic, political or societal exploitation routes aiming to turn R&I actions into concrete value and impact for society.</p>	 Objective
<p>Inform about and promote the project AND its results/success.</p>	<p>Describe and ensure results available for others to USE → focus on results only!</p>	<p>Make concrete use of research results (not restricted to commercial use.)</p>	 Focus
<p>Multiple audiences beyond the project's own community incl. media and the broad public.</p>	<p>Audiences that may take an interest in the potential USE of the results (e.g. scientific community, industrial partner, policymakers).</p>	<p>People/organisations including project partners themselves that make concrete use of the project results, as well as user groups outside the project.</p>	 Target Audience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rules for Participants • RIA & IA Proposal Template 2.2 b) • Grant Agreement Art. 38.1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rules for Participants • RIA & IA Proposal template 2.2 a) • Grant Agreement Art. 29 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rules for Participants • RIA & IA Proposal Template 1.1, 2.1, 2.2 a) • Grant Agreement Art. 28 	 Formal Obligations

Figure 3 – Communication, Dissemination, Exploitation. Definitions¹.

4 Contractual Obligations of the Partners

The aforementioned report “*Making the Most of Your Horizon 2020 Project*” issued by the European IPR Helpdesk project provides a summary of the contractual obligations of the partners in regards to dissemination and communications activities. Indeed, this report states that “a number of obligations related to communication, dissemination and exploitation are formally outlined in different Horizon 2020 documents; such as the Rules of Participation, the proposal template for Research & Innovation Actions (RIA)/Innovation Actions (IA), or the respective Model Grant Agreement”. These obligations can thus be found in the Grant Agreement of SCARABEUS:

- Promote the action and its results, by providing targeted information to multiple audiences (including the media and the public), in a strategic and effective manner and possibly engaging in a two-way exchange (Article 38 of the Model Grant Agreement).

- Disseminate results — as soon as possible — through appropriate means, including in scientific publications (Article 29 of the Model Grant Agreement).
- Ensure open access (free of charge, online access for any user) to all peer-reviewed scientific publications relating to its results (Article 29 of the Model Grant Agreement).
- Take measures aiming to ensure ‘exploitation’ of the results — up to four years after the end of the project — by using them in further research activities; developing, creating or marketing a product or process; creating and providing a service, or using them in standardisation activities (Article 28 of the Model Grant Agreement).
- Acknowledge EU funding in all communication, dissemination and exploitation activities (including IPR protection and standards) as well as on all equipment, infrastructure and major results financed by the action by using the wording and criteria specified in the Grant Agreement (Articles 27, 28, 29, 38).

5 Additional References

- [Horizon 2020 Participant Portal Inline Manual “Communicating Your Project”.](#)
- [Guide: Communicating EU Research & Innovation.](#)
- [Guide: The EU Guide to Science Communication.](#)
- [Webinar: 60-minute Communication Workout.](#)
- [H2020 Programme: Guidance - Social media guide for EU funded R&I projects.](#)

Overview of Management Structure and Governance

6 Management Structure

The management of SCARABEUS is devised around a number of features ensuring the overall success of the proposal. Internally (within the consortium), this means that the management structure must ensure the autonomy and effectiveness of each partner, the timely exchange of information between them, especially when working in different Work Packages, the clear definition of the responsibilities and scope of the tasks assigned and others. Externally, the management structure must make sure that the outreach of the project is maximized. This also implies aspects such as raising public awareness of the problems that SCARABEUS is attempting to resolve, making the project known to the scientific community and the administration, engaging the general public in bridging the usual gap between the industry and R&D communities and society at large...

To accomplish all these objectives, the consortium has developed the management structure presented in Figure 4.

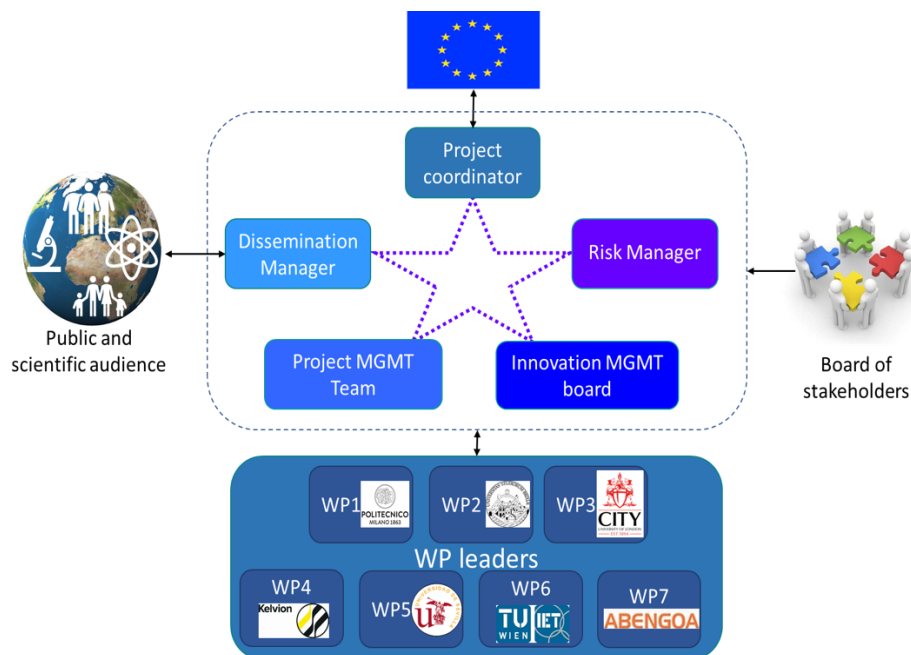


Figure 4 – Management structure of SCARABEUS

The management structure is comprised of the following key individuals and groups:

- The Project Coordinator (Prof. Giampaolo Manzolini, Politecnico di Milano) acts as the link between the Consortium and the European Commission in all matters concerning the project directly. The PC is responsible for the overall management of the project and, as such, he coordinates the deliverables and milestones and reports to the Scientific Officer of the European Commission. The PC informs the Project Management Team (see below) of all relevant exceptions and can also consult the Project Management Team, the Risk Manager, and the Innovation Management Board for advice.
- Project Management Team. The PMT is chaired by the PC and includes a representative from each partner in the project. The PMT is the ultimate decision-making body and it ensures a joint control of the work progress resulting in a rapid decision making. Amongst the responsibilities of the PMT, the following can be found: make budget-related decisions, critical decision-making in application of the Risk Management Plan, authorize exceptions from the project plan, keep the Risk Manager (see below) and the Innovation Management Board (see below) informed of project highlights and exceptions, voting

- **Innovation Management Board.** The IMB is comprised of a representative from each industrial partner (Kelvion, Abengoa Energia, Baker-Hughes and Quantis). The IMB advises the PMT on the best strategies to manage the innovative results of the project with a market-oriented approach aiming at the mid and long-exploitation of the project results. In addition, the IMB keeps track of developments outside the project that may be relevant to SCARABEUS or that may be conflicting in terms of intellectual property rights.
 - **Dissemination Manager (Prof. David Sánchez, University of Seville).** The role of the DM is to ensure that the results and findings of the project become known by a community as wide as possible, not only scientists but also institutions, industry and society in general. To this end, the DM (i) ensures that each partner disseminates its results in the most accessible (for instance using open-access tools) and effective (high impact) way possible within the target community of primary interest, (ii) liaises with the project partners to design the most effective Dissemination Plan possible, and (iii) coordinates the organization of the academic workshops held at each academic partner and the two general workshops at the demonstration site.
 - **Risk Manager (Dr. Noelia Martínez-Sanz, Abengoa Energía).** The activity of the RM is three-fold. First, she oversees transversal risks that may rise in the course of development of the project. Second, she collates the risks stemming in each work package, which must be sent to her by the corresponding WP leader. Third, she is responsible for maintaining an up-to-date risk register necessary for carrying out such a large project. The RM reports to the PC at regular intervals and co-ordinates the risk mitigation strategy throughout the project.
 - **Work package leaders (WPL).** WPLs are responsible for achieving the objectives, targets, milestones, and deliverables in their Work Packages, as defined in Annex I of the Grant Agreement. This implies that they are also responsible for the detailed co-ordination, planning, monitoring and reporting of their WP.
 - **Board of Stakeholders (BoS).** The external BoS, steered by the IMB (in month M6 of the project at the latest), has the main duty to assist and facilitate the decisions made by the PMT and to provide an external (therefore independent) assessment of the progress made by the report on an annual basis. The BoS is comprised of reputed individuals known worldwide for their knowledge and experience in the area of CSP and representing all the potential regional markets in the world: North America, Europe, Australia and Asia.
- As of today, the Project Coordinator has got in contact with different members of the Project Board to comment on certain aspects of the project. On M24, the BoS as a whole was called to a review meeting and the members were asked to provide feedback to improve/enhance the project outcome.

The individual roles in the project and the composition of each governance structure are listed in Table 1 below.

Table 1 – Roles in SCARABEUS

Role/Body		Name	Affiliation	Contact
Project Coordinator		Giampaolo Manzolini	POLIMI	giampaolo.manzolini@polimi.it
Innovation Management Board		Xavier Guerif	KEL	Xavier.Guerif@kelvion.com
		Arnaud Dauriat	QUA	arnaud.dauriat@quantis-intl.com
		Marco Ruggiero	BH	marco.ruggiero@bakerhughes.com
		Noelia Martínez-Sanz	ABE	noelia.martinez@abengoa.com
Project Management Team		Giampaolo Manzolini	POLIMI	giampaolo.manzolini@polimi.it
		David Sánchez	USE	ds@us.es
		Abdulnaser Sayma	CITY	a.sayma@city.ac.uk
		Andreas Werner	TUW	andreas.werner@tuwien.ac.at
		Paolo Iora	UNIBS	paolo.iora@unibs.it
		Xavier Guerif	KEL	Xavier.Guerif@kelvion.com
		Marco Ruggiero	BH	marco.ruggiero@bakerhughes.com
		Xun Liao	QUA	xun.liao@quantis-intl.com
		Noelia Martínez-Sanz	ABE	noelia.martinez@abengoa.com
Dissemination Coordinator		David Sánchez	USE	ds@us.es
Risk Manager		Noelia Martínez-Sanz	ABE	noelia.martinez@abengoa.com
WP Leaders	WPs 1/9	Giampaolo Manzolini	POLIMI	giampaolo.manzolini@polimi.it
	WP 2	Paolo Iora	UNIBS	paolo.iora@unibs.it
	WP3	Abdulnaser Sayma	CITY	a.sayma@city.ac.uk
	WP4	Xavier Guerif	KEL	Xavier.Guerif@kelvion.com
	WP5	David Sánchez	USE	ds@us.es
	WP6	Andreas Werner	TUW	andreas.werner@tuwien.ac.at
	WP7	Noelia Martínez-Sanz	ABE	noelia.martinez@abengoa.com
	WP8	Giampaolo Manzolini	POLIMI	giampaolo.manzolini@polimi.it
Board of Stakeholders		José Luis Martínez-Dalmau	ESTELA	jlmartinez@estelasolar.org
		Craig Turchi	NREL	Craig.Turchi@nrel.gov
		Jeong Ik Lee	KAIST	jeongiklee@kaist.ac.kr
		Ted Steinberg	QUT	t.steinberg@qut.edu.au

Dissemination and Communication Plan

7 Description of the Dissemination and Communication Plan

7.1 Aim and scope. Key stakeholders implied

The dissemination and communication activities are aimed at maximizing the impact of the project on a number of target stakeholders. This is outlined in Section 2.2. *Measures to Maximize Impact* of Annex 1 in the Grant Agreement and it is also briefly summarized below.

Dissemination, exploitation, communication and other activities related to Intellectual Property Rights support the effective and timely development of the project they also look into the future in order to enable the further development of the technology; indeed, a long-term objective of SCARABEUS is to bring together and streamline the skills and expertise in the field of CSP technology using CO₂ blends within Europe. To this end, maximizing the current and future impact on society, the Implementation Plan includes a complete Work Package (WP7) which is entirely dedicated to the exploitation/dissemination and IPR management of the knowledge gained in the project, in particular focusing on the communication to the general public, the dissemination of new knowledge both within and outside of the consortium, the implementation of the current EU research policy and the development of energy and associated policies. Within this WP, and in order to ensure that the knowledge generated within SCARABEUS is protected, disseminated and exploited to its full potential, the Consortium has appointed David Sánchez in the role of Dissemination Manager (see Table 1).

The Dissemination and Communication Strategy of SCARABEUS is presented in Figure 5. It targets four main stakeholders, whose characteristics are:

- General Public: general public (sometimes termed society at large) is characterized by having a common environmental consciousness and a concern for sustainability. Therefore, even if this audience is considered to not have a scientific or technical background, it does have the capacity to judge the impact of the technology on the life of current and future generations.
- Scientific Community: this community has a strong scientific background, enabling a critical assessment of the information provided. This implies the analysis of the Key Performance Indicators reported and the achievements made by the consortium. Furthermore, it is in the interest of the scientific community to make use of the data produced by SCARABEUS to further advance science and technology.
- Policy Makers: at the local, regional, national and continental levels, policy makers are of primary interest for the SCARABEUS consortium given that they are responsible for setting the guidelines of the current and future energy policies that will affect the commercial feasibility of SCARABEUS. Although not necessarily having a technical background, this audience is knowledgeable about the impact of the resulting power generation technology onto the environment, the security of (energy) supply and the economic sustainability of the power industry.
- Industry: the power generation industry, especially if based on renewable energies, is the last target stakeholder. The industry is interested in the general technical features of the technology and, most importantly, also in the key economic indicators.

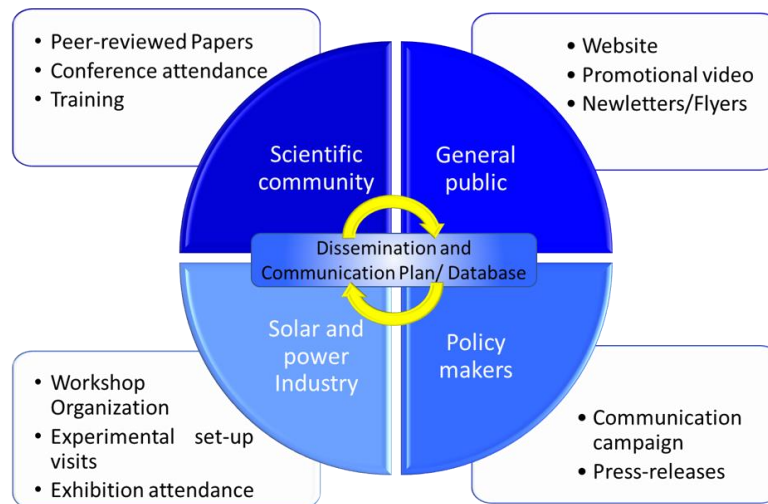


Figure 5 – Dissemination and Communication Strategy of SCARABEUS

As a concluding remark, it is worth noting that a unique feature of SCARABEUS is **the creation of a Dissemination and Communication Database** where all the dissemination activities of the project, past and future, will be stored electronically. The Dissemination and Communication Plan and Database will serve the twofold objective of (i) being a digital repository of all the carried out or planned dissemination activities of SCARABEUS at any time during the project and (ii) becoming a sort of logbook for future researchers who will be able to track all the dissemination activities developed in the project and, therefore, download any item of their interest. To enable this latter objective, the consortium is committed to keep the database in operation for, at least, five years after the completion of the project.

7.2 Implementation of the Dissemination and Communication Plan. Activities

The Dissemination and Communication Plan is devised as a tool to provide both the project partners and interested visitors to the project website with the overall dissemination strategy, schedule of activities, roles and responsibilities, definition of target groups and appropriate channels to convey messages to each audience type; to this end, this DCP will be updated regularly throughout the project lifetime.

In order to ensure an effective dissemination, the SCARABEUS consortium will make sure that a collaborative and interactive approach is adopted between the project partners and stakeholders from the very beginning of the project. Indeed, in line with the concept of “*Open Innovation*” promoted by the European Commission, attention will be paid to involving all stakeholders (see Figure 5) during the entire project lifespan and to ensuring that mechanisms are in place for engagement beyond the project lifetime. This will be facilitated through establishing routes to obtain feedback from each group to ensure that the SCARABEUS results respond to their needs and expectations, and to guarantee ownership of results by all the groups involved. These responsibilities will bear on the shoulders of a specifically appointed Innovation Management Board (see Figure 4) in the managing structure of SCARABEUS.

In this context, it is also worth highlighting that the consortium will reach out to persons within the target groups identified in the previous subsection and, once their interest has been attracted, the partners will include these people in a project database with the aim to keep them updated on the progress of the project via a biannual newsletter. They will also be invited to the following specific engagement and dissemination activities:

A) Dissemination activities:

Project progress and achievements will be disseminated through a variety of mechanisms both within the individual participants, the consortium’s Member States and the wider European industrial sector, through the channels identified below:

- 1) Organization of conferences: in order to ensure knowledge share and to maximize the impact of

research funds on the development of transformational technologies for a sustainable future, the SCARABEUS project will take the lead to organize a conference where the results of the Research and Innovation Actions (RIAs) or the Innovation Actions (IAs) funded by the European Commission will be disclosed and openly discussed between peers and with stakeholders: industry, academia and government.

The Dissemination Coordinator of SCARABEUS will liaise with the Project Officer and representatives of other EU projects to make decisions regarding venue, dates and full conference schedule. In D7.7, it was reported that the conference would tentatively take place at the Premises of Politecnico di Milano (coordinating institution of SCARABEUS) in the last term of 2021. Nevertheless, this has now been rescheduled for the first term in 2023 (Q1), as a consequence of the delay experienced in the construction of the test rig and in order to make sure that, when the conference is held, the project is well advanced and as many results as possible are readily available. Also, in order to ensure that the results presented are indexed and remain available in the public domain, Open Access publication in a leading scientific journal will be negotiated with different editors.

- 2) Exhibition: the innovative test-rig at TU Wien is one of the key features of SCARABEUS. In correspondence with the inauguration of this set-up, and provided that the situation created because of COVID-19 is resolved, an exhibition opened to both the scientific community, renewable energy and power industries and policy-makers will be carried out. In this way, potential investors will be able to familiarize with the CO₂ blend concept and innovative heat exchanger technologies that are the core of SCARABEUS, as well as to discuss with the partners/researchers involved in their development. Simultaneously, other researchers will be able to visit the test-rig, thus paving the way for new collaborations and knowledge-share. According to the current schedule at TU Wien, the exhibition will take place in December 2022.
- 3) Publication of peer-reviewed papers: to maximize the impact on the scientific community, the consortium has already published, and will remain doing so, the most relevant scientific results in peer-reviewed journals such as *Applied Thermal Engineering*, *Applied Energy*, *Energy* or *Applied Sciences*. So far (M30), six papers have been published and there are three currently under review. This is more than 60% of the total number of papers aimed by the consortium initially, Table 2 and Table 3, which is an excellent accomplishment given that exploitable results are typically produced in the second half of the project. All these papers have been published with *Gold Open-Access*, in compliance with the objective to make the project results as accessible as possible. Also, in addition to the availability of data and information thanks to *Gold Open-Access* publication, any researcher interested in accessing the available bibliographic metadata of each of these works can get in contact with the *Dissemination Coordinator* who will grant access to the open-access repository of the project (Dissemination and Communication Database) as per the data management rules agreed upon by the consortium and the European Commission. These metadata will be available in a standard format as requested by the latter institution.
- 4) Presentations at international scientific conferences: these are also considered to be a core dissemination activity, with the unique feature of enabling presenting the latest results of the project while networking with other members of the scientific, governmental and industrial communities. For these reasons, conferences are a key route to disseminating project results in SCARABEUS. Unfortunately, mobility has been constrained since early 2020 and this has had a tremendous, unprecedented impact on virtually all the conferences in 2020 and 2021. Some of the technical meetings of interest for the SCARABEUS partners were rescheduled to 2021 (such is the case of the *International Supercritical CO₂ Power Cycle Symposium*) whereas others were changed to a virtual format, such as *SolarPACES*, *ASME Turbo Expo* and the *European Conference on Supercritical CO₂*. This has inevitably brought about some uncertainty in regard to the impact (dissemination-wise) of papers presented virtually, as opposed to traditional face-to-face events, and has posed remarkable challenges to the networking opportunities provided by conferences, as opposed to other dissemination activities such as journal papers.

Table 2 – Particular dissemination actions planned in SCARABEUS (actions of the consortium as a whole not included)

Partner	Journal Publications	OA	Conferences			Theses		Pats.	Miscellaneous
			Event	Poster	Oral	MSc	PhD		
POLIMI	1 Solar Energy 1 Applied Thermal Engineering 1 ASME Journal of Solar Energy Engineering	GL	SolarPACES ASME Conference on Energy Sustainability International sCO ₂ Symposium	1 (2nd year)	3 (3rd and 4th year)	3	1	1	Newsletter, Social media, promotional video
USE	1 Solar Energy 1 Journal of Engineering for Gas Turbines and Power 2 Applied Energy	GL	ASME Turbo Expo International sCO ₂ Symposium	-	3 (3rd and 4th year)	2	2	No	Web, newsletter, social media
UNIBS	3 Applied Thermal Engineering	GL	SolarPACES ASME Conference on Energy Sustainability	1 (2nd year)	3 (3rd and 4th year)	3	1	1	Newsletter, social media
TUW	1 Applied Energy	GL	SolarPACES International sCO ₂ Symposium	No	2 (3rd and 4th year)	2	1	1	
CITY	1 Journal of Turbomachinery 1 Journal of Engineering for Gas Turbine and Power 1 Applied Energy	GL	ASME Turbo Expo Int. Gas Turbine Conference	2 (2nd year)	2 (3rd and 4th year)	-	2	1	
AE	-	No	>1 conference attendance	>1	-	-	-	1	
BH	-	No	>1 conference attendance	>1	-	-	-	1	
KEL	-	No	>1 conference attendance	>1	-	-	-	1	
QUA	-	No	>1 conference attendance	>1	-	-	-	-	

Table 3 – Particular dissemination actions completed in SCARABEUS (actions of the consortium as a whole not included)

Partner	Journal Publications	OA	Conferences			Theses		Pats.	Miscellaneous
			Event	Poster	Oral	MSc	PhD ¹		
POLIMI	1 Applied Thermal Engineering (P) 1 Applied Energy (S)	GL GL	SolarPACES 2019	1 (Pr)	-	2	1	-	Newsletter, LinkedIn, video
			SolarPACES 2020	-	1 (Pr)				
			SolarPACES 2021	-	1 (Pr)				
			3 rd European sCO ₂ conference	-	1 (Pr)				
			4 th European sCO ₂ conference	-	1 (Pr)				
			ATI conference 2021	-	1 (Pr)				
USE	1 Applied Sciences (P) 1 Energy (P) 1 Applied Thermal Engineering (S)	GL GL GL	European sCO ₂ conference		1 (Pr)	1	2	-	Web, LinkedIn, Webinar, Flyer
			ASME Turbo Expo 2021	-	1 (Pr)				
			6 th International ORC power systems		1 (PA)				
			7 th International sCO ₂ Symposium		2 (AA)				
UNIBS	1 Energy (P)	GL				2	1	-	Website, LinkedIn
TUW						4	1	-	
CITY	1 Applied Sciences (P) 1 Applied Thermal Engineering (P) 1 Energy (S)	GL GL GL	ASME Turbo Expo 2021		1 (Pr)	-	3	-	
			4 th European sCO ₂ conference		1 (Pr)				

Key: P – Published; S – Submitted; GL – Gold Open Access; Pr – Presented; PA – Paper accepted; AA – Abstract Accepted;

¹ All PhD theses are currently under development

Nevertheless, the experience of participating to virtual conferences has proved excellent and creativity and technology have joint forces to make networking possible through the numerous applications available. The SCARABEUS consortium was proactively present at *SolarPACES 2020*, *ASME Turbo Expo* and the *European Conference on Supercritical CO₂* and participation is also confirmed at the *6th International Seminar on ORC Power Systems*; the experience of presenting papers and supporting the organization has been most rewarding. As of today, a total of nine conference papers have been presented at conferences by the SCARABEUS consortium members and other three works are accepted as paper or abstract.

In the forthcoming future (2021-2022), participation of the consortium members to the following conferences is scheduled (technical papers will be presented at all these events):

- SolarPACES 2021, September 27th – October 1st 2021 virtual².
- 6th International Seminar on ORC Power Systems, October 11th-13th 2021, virtual.
- 7th International Supercritical CO₂ Power Cycle Symposium, February 21st-24th 2022, San Antonio, TX (United States).
- ASME Turbo Expo, June 13th-17th 2022, Rotterdam.

- 5) Organization of Workshops: workshops are excellent opportunities for communication, networking and training. A total of five academic workshops collocated with regular progress meetings of the consortium were originally scheduled, as illustrated in the preliminary Dissemination and Communication plan (D7.1). Unfortunately, even if the first workshop was organized at University of Seville in April 2020 (alongside the second progress meeting), this event had to be cancelled due to COVID.

A few months into the COVID lockdown, the consortium decided to convert the aforementioned workshop into an online event, enabling both dissemination and networking of interested members of the scientific and industrial communities. Virtual or online events have become commonplace during the pandemic and, whilst enabling interaction and networking, people have become increasingly reluctant to join long meetings, running on the screen for a half or even full day. In the light of this experience, the consortium made the decision to break the original workshop down into a number of webinars: one-hour events with short presentations (30 minutes) followed by a discussion of approximately the same duration.

A total of nine webinars were scheduled within the overarching theme “*Modelling and Simulation of supercritical CO₂ CSP plants*”. This topic was then broken down into nine focus webinars, according to the information provided in Table 4, where the partners of SCARABEUS covered the area for which they are responsible (or in which they specialize) in the project. Online registration was enabled through the project website and the presentations used by the speakers have been made available once the complete webinar series was completed. Attendance was irregular, higher in the first webinars and lower later on. Nevertheless, the average number of attendees for the entire webinar series was 15, which is considered *good* according to the metrics in Table 6.

Table 4 – Schedule of the SCARABEUS webinar series

Partner	Topic	Date
POLIMI	The SCARABEUS project: a breakthrough for a bright future of CSP	2020.11.25
USE	Introduction to power plant modelling and simulation	2020.12.02
ABE	Modelling and simulation of solar fields	2020.12.09
UNIBS	Modeling and evaluation of the main properties of working fluids	2020.12.16
POLIMI	Modelling and simulation of Thermal Energy Storage systems	2021.01.13
CITY	Design and simulation of turbomachinery	2021.01.20
TUW	Design and simulation of high temperature Thermal Energy Storage systems	2021.01.27
QUANTIS	Life Cycle Analysis of Concentrated Solar Power plants	2021.02.03
LEAP	Natural Capital Valuation of Concentrated Solar Power plants	2021.02.26

² Conference ongoing at the time of writing this deliverable report.

A second webinar series is scheduled to start in the first half of 2022. This second series will focus on the particular results of SCARABEUS, as opposed to the first webinar which was introductory to the different topics and research areas covered/involved in the project.

- 6) Joint activities H2020 projects: several partners of SCARABEUS are involved in other EU H2020 projects dealing with solar energy, renewable energy, and turbomachinery development (i.e., sCO₂flex, SOLARsCO₂OL, CO₂OLHEAT, DESOLINATION). This represents an opportunity for SCARABEUS to reach out to a wider audience by leveraging on the dissemination networks of these other projects. At the same time, from an R&D standpoint, these joint activities largely increase the impact of the funds invested by the European Commission by enabling cross-fertilization between the projects.

The following joint activities have been organized until M30 of the project:

- A joint dissemination activity with the SOCRATCES project (www.socratces.eu) was organized in April 2020 (M12). This activity was comprised of two sessions open to interested attendees. In the first session, high level representatives of the industry, research centres and government were to share their view on the needs of the CSP industry to increase its share in the European energy mix. In the second sessions, the main objectives and outcomes of each project were to be presented by the project coordinators. Unfortunately, this joint activity was cancelled for the reasons cited above and will be reactivated in the second term of 2022, if COVID-related restrictions are lifted.
 - A panel session was organized at ASME Turbo Expo 2021 by the Dissemination Coordinator of SCARABEUS, presenting all the ongoing projects funded by the Horizon 2020 programme of the European Commission. With the aim to disseminate the joint effort made in Europe and the most salient results of each individual project, the following projects took part in this initiative: SCARABEUS, sCO₂-4-NPP, sCO₂-flex, SOLARsCO₂OL, CO₂OLHEAT. Unfortunately, limitations on the number of available virtual rooms eventually lead to cancellation of the event. This activity will be reactivated at ASME Turbo Expo 2022 or as a virtual event broadcasted live.
 - SCARABEUS participated to the final dissemination event of sCO₂-Flex, held virtually on June 16th 2021. Along with other H2020 projects (sCO₂-4-NPP, COMPASSCO₂, I-THERM and CO₂OLHEAT), the Project Coordinator of SCARABEUS commented on the objectives and current results of the project and on the planned activities for the remainder of the project³.
- 7) Other: it makes sense to take advantage of any opportunity to effectively communicate the project results. In this regard, the Dissemination Manager is elaborating a press-package containing general information about Concentrated Solar Power technologies and about how SCARABEUS has the potential to shape the future energy landscape in Europe. This press-package will then be translated to the local language of each partner and distributed to mass-media: newspaper, magazines, radio and television. The content of the package will be accessible and comprehensive for people who are not educated in science, with the multiple-fold objective to: i) raise awareness of the environmental challenges faced by humankind; ii) raise awareness of the technical challenges that must be overcome in order to have 100% renewable energy supply in the future; iii) make the research and development efforts by the European scientific community in order to accomplish this fully renewable energy supply; iv) illustrate how tax-money is used by the European Union in initiatives aimed at ensuring the sustainability of future generations.

B) Dissemination channels and platforms:

The channels identified to ensure the effective communication of results to the right audiences using the best methods are listed below:

- 1) Press releases: several press-releases (>5) are planned to publicize the most important milestones and achievements of the project: i.e. beginning of the project, major achievements and inauguration of the test rig. Press release will be prepared by all the partners to target all the EU nations involved in the project.
- 2) Non-scientific and non-peer-reviewed publications: publications with a general description of the project and the targets achieved (>4) will be pursued as an activity. Previous participation of the partners in European projects showed the importance of preparing papers for newspapers and magazines in order

³ More information at <https://www.sco2-flex.eu/sco2-flex-final-event-the-role-of-sco2-cycles-in-europes-future-energy-system/>

to raise awareness of the importance of renewable energy exploitation and of how the development of CSP can tackle some of the most pressing issues. This dissemination channel is linked to activity 8) in the previous category -A) Dissemination activities-. A very good example of this is the article published in *New Energy Update* by the SCARABEUS consortium, on April 2nd 2021, aimed at a general public interested in energy-related news. Similar publications will be produced by the consortium in media such as *New Energy Update*, *The conversation* or others.

- 3) Flyers/Newsletters: the first Dissemination & Communication Plan (D7.1) included the elaboration and distribution of a newsletter every six months, making a total of 8 newsletters with relevant information about the project status and related activities. The newsletter would be made available on the project website, and subscribers would receive it automatically. In addition, the newsletter would be circulated through the social media such as LinkedIn, ResearchGate, and Twitter.

Nevertheless, the first eighteen months of SCARABEUS have shown that relying on social media (mostly LinkedIn) and the website is a much more effective, versatile and agile means to get in contact with the target stakeholders of the project. These channels provide flexibility and direct feedback, not to mention much more frequent updates to have the stakeholders engaged and up to date. For this reason, the Dissemination Coordinator of the project, in agreement with the Project Coordinator and the Innovation Manager, have made the decision to not produce a newsletter but, rather, intensify dissemination through LinkedIn and the website.

A flyer with the most relevant information about the project (objectives, timing, consortium, funding body, contact) has been released and is available on the project's website. It will be update in mid-2022, once the construction of the test rig is more advanced.

- 4) Training: the SCARABEUS project supports the importance of training the next generation of engineers. Also, it is envisaged that early stage researchers within the academic institutions will be incorporated into the project team, hence developing research at the doctoral level for the complete duration of SCARABEUS (see later). In addition, students from the five universities involved in the project (USE, TUW, UNIBS, CITY and POLIMI) will have the opportunity to visit partners where the experimental campaign will be performed (UNIBS and TUW), supporting data elaboration and performance assessment. In addition, training of technicians performing the experimental campaign is planned.

The incorporation of PhD students to all the academic partners of SCARABEUS has been announced through LinkedIn and the project's website. Also, several undergraduate and graduate students have already developed their theses incardinated in the research teams at each institution and this activity will remain in the future as a means to instruct a new generation of engineers in innovative CSP technologies. In spite of the mobility constraints brought about by COVID, this cross-fertilization between partners has already taken place through visiting-research periods and exchange of students. The effort made by the consortium in engaging early stage researchers can be assessed in more detail in Table 6.

- 5) Website/Social media: Nowadays, most of the communication activities are performed on the internet. Therefore, SCARABEUS will dedicate significant efforts on (i) setting up the website to make it easily accessible, (ii) setting up the open LinkedIn page related to the project to get potential stakeholders involved and (iii) setting up the ResearchGate portal to share the project achievements with the scientific community. These instruments will be linked to the social media of all the partners and the CSP world in general, to keep the audience engaged, and they will be updated every month with the latest news related to the project.

In the first half of the project, LinkedIn has proved to be a very effective route to reach out to stakeholders. At the time of writing this report, the SCARABEUS account has already accrued three hundred followers and this metric increases steadily.

- 6) Communication Campaign: interviews in local television and radio stations will be pursued to reach a different type of audience with respect to the former activities and to increase the impact of dissemination. This activity will be undertaken by all partners so as to ensure that large communities in all the EU nations involved in the project are reached out. During the initial stage of the project, the Coordinator (Prof. Giampaolo Manzolini) has been very active in this regard as credited by the Dissemination Logbook.

- 7) Other events: the communication office of each institution participating in the project has several dissemination activities already planned. Each partner will make sure that the communication office is aware of the project so that its presentation can be added to other general or specific events that could be organized.

- 8) Video/film: YouTube is certainly a very effective way to communicate the project concept, ambition and achievements. Therefore, two dedicated videos will be prepared along to the project. The first one presents the SCARABEUS concept together with its main advantages and innovation; it was released on July 2020 (M16) and it has accrued more than 3000 visits. The second video will be prepared in the last year of the project and will include the demonstration set-up and most significant results.
- 9) Other: any other opportunity to effectively communicate the project results will be evaluated and performed along the project.

C) Key stakeholders

As already depicted in Figure 5, the dissemination activities in the project will not only target the relevant scientific and industrial communities but also the public at large. Establishing a positive relationship with all stakeholders is hence instrumental to disseminate the outcome of SCARABEUS. For this purpose, based on the techno-economic results and the social assessment produced in Work Package WP5, strategies to address policy makers and engage the public will be identified in addition to those listed above. The following groups will be targeted, within the stakeholders listed in the previous subsection:

- Original equipment manufacturers of critical components (i.e., condenser, heat exchanger, turbomachinery);
- Research organizations and academic groups which are active in the field of sCO₂ technology;
- Research organizations and industries which are involved in CSP technology;
- European policy-makers at relevant institutions such as the European Commission, the European Environment Agency or the Innovation & Networks Executive Agency.

Table 5 shows the connection of the consortium participants to other networks. All these contacts will also be inserted in the contacts database of the project, so as to keep them regularly informed about SCARABEUS and in order to maximize collaboration.

D) Dissemination after project conclusion:

Consortium members are committed to keeping the project website and project-dedicated social network tools updated for at least two years after the project completion. Furthermore, adequate IPR management and protection will be ensured after the project end-date. When not confidential, all the main project findings and dissemination deliverables will be made available through the Dissemination and Communication Database along with all the dissemination activities/items. They will also be shared with all main target groups as much as possible during and after the end of the project. Also, both during and after the project end-date, the partners will liaise with other internationally-relevant research groups and R&D projects on the same or related topics, thus exchanging good practices and ideas to take innovation further and eventually contributing to the further development and sustainable exploitation of the results. The afore-mentioned EU relevant institutions will be kept up-to-date during and after the project through: a) participation of EU partners in EU-level workshops and Info-Days on themes related to the project; b) invitation of representatives of EU institutions to project events; c) sending of the project newsletter to contacts in such EU institutions; d) inclusion of these e-mail accounts in the project contact database.

Table 5 – Connection of the consortium participants to other networks

Partner	Networks
POLIMI	Member of the Italian Energy Cluster and part of a working task of SOLARPACES. LEAP, linked third party of POLIMI, is member of the High Technology Network of Regione Emilia-Romagna which includes a high-tech network comprised of industrial research labs, innovation centres, regional academic institutions and public research centres
TUW	TUW is a leading member in the frame of the Austrian Climate and Energy Fund, which defines and funds energy research in Austria. Within that organization, TUW is also a member of the Energy demonstration region NEFI: New Energy for Industry. TUW represents Austria within the VGB scientific committee and SOLARPACES executive committee and participates in working tasks related to particles and to storage
KEL	Member of EMC2 which is an innovation cluster including industrial companies, labs, academic institutions, public research centers
BH	Energy technology company with a large portfolio of highly reliable machinery and equipment for all segments of the oil & gas and energy industry. With a global installed base of more than 20,000 units from production through transportation and processing into finished products, BH is one of the industry's major suppliers of turbomachinery, compressors, pumps, static equipment and metering systems. Selected technology partner of several Horizon 2020 EU research and innovation framework, including sCO ₂ flex, SOLARsCO ₂ OL, CO ₂ OLHEAT, Scarabeus and Desolination programs. Member of the European Turbine Network, the association gathering the whole supply chain of stationary gas turbines in Europe and worldwide (ETN Global), including turbomachinery operating on Supercritical Carbon Dioxide
USE	Associated partner of the Joint Programme for Concentrated Solar Power of the European Energy Research Alliance (EERA-CSP), having collaborated to this platform through projects like STAGE-STE. USE is also a member of the European Turbine Network, the association gathering the whole supply chain of stationary gas turbines in Europe and worldwide (ETN Global), including turbomachinery operating on Supercritical Carbon Dioxide. Prof. Sánchez is an elected member of the Project Board of the ETN. Prof. Sánchez is an Advisor to the Board of the Knowledge Centre on Organic Rankine Cycle technology (www.kcorc.org), the world's reference organization for the dissemination of all information related to ORC technology research (including supercritical Carbon Dioxide), development and education.
CITY	Member of the European Turbine Network (ETN). City is also the founder of the European Micro gas Turbine Forum and the current leader of its Advisory Board
QUA	Member of the LCA forum and part of the École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne innovation Park
ABE	Large network of customers and suppliers, and long-lasting, solid relationships with R&D centres and governmental institutions. In addition, Abengoa Energia is a member of ESTELA, the European Solar Thermal Electricity Association and PROTERMOSOLAR, the equivalent association in Spain
UNIBS	Member of the Italian Energy Cluster and of the Lombardy energy cleantech cluster

7.3 Dissemination and Communication Metrics

The Dissemination and Communication Plan presented in this document is certainly ambitious. Therefore, given also the large scale of the project, it is mandatory to develop certain metrics upon which the success of the Plan can be measured. Such metrics of the Dissemination and Communication Plan are listed in Table 6 for each

dissemination and communication activity. The following highlights are noted:

- The current count of the first four items indicates a very good progress towards excellence, given that the project has recently reached its half-life. Moreover:
 - Research papers disclosing results of the project are typically published in the second half of the project, when there has been enough time to produce results and write the corresponding articles. Yet, the number of papers already published by the consortium ranks as *Moderate* (in the context of a completed project) and increases to *Good* if articles currently under review are included.
 - The number of conference papers ranks as almost *Excellent* already. Without a doubt, this dissemination activity has been encouraged by the fact that most of the relevant conferences and meetings in the areas of Concentrated Solar Power and Supercritical Carbon Dioxide have been held virtually.
 - The number of MSc and PhD theses already ranks as *Excellent*.
- Metrics related to Twitter and Newsletter were removed in the first update of the Dissemination & Communication Plan (D7.7), given that these Dissemination and Communication Activities will eventually not be developed, as explained earlier in this document.
- The number of monthly visits to the website is based on a period of time spanning across almost two years and is therefore representative. Even though it ranks as *Moderate*, the transition to *Good* is affordable in the short term.
- The number of views of the promotional video has already tripled the threshold to be ranked *Excellent*.
- The first webinar series in Table 4 is already ranked as *Good*. These metrics will expectedly be improved with the second webinar series.

The rightmost column in Table 6 provides an assessment of the current level of success of the Dissemination and Communication activities carried out by the consortium partners, where the following score has been assigned to each category:

- Excellent: 3 points.
- Good: 2 points.
- Moderate: 1 point.
- Poor: 0 points.

The last row in the table provides the average success of the project. A total score of 17 points for a total of 10 categories yields an average success score of 1.7, which falls into the **Moderate** success category but very close to **Good**. This is very positive given the current state of development of the project, given that dissemination is typically more intense once research projects are in the second half. Also, as reported in this document, the recent pandemic experienced worldwide has hindered the development of a large number of dissemination activities (conferences, seminars, joint events). These has had a strongly negative impact on the scores in Table 6, in spite of which the overall performance is very good. Nevertheless, despite these last considerations, the consortium acknowledges the need to strengthen the commitment to work hard on the effective dissemination and communication of the project.

Table 6 – Dissemination and communication metrics of SCARABEUS (in red current count)

Action	Metric	Success				Current Success
		Excellent (3)	Good (2)	Moderate (1)	Poor (0)	
Journal articles (1 st /2 nd quartile, peer-reviewed)	Number	x≥12	12>x≥8	8>x≥5 (6)	x<5	Moderate
Conference papers (oral, international)	Number	x≥12	12>x≥7 (11)	7>x≥4	x<4	Good
MSc thesis (in English)	Number	x≥9 (9)	9>x≥6	6>x≥4	x<4	Excellent
PhD thesis (in English)	Number	x≥6 (8)	6>x≥4	4>x≥3	x<3	Excellent
Patents (European)	Number	x≥4	4>x≥2	2>x≥1	x=0 (0)	Poor
Website (January 2020 – October 2021)	Visits (monthly)	x≥400	400>x≥250	250>x≥100 (185)	x<100	Moderate
LinkedIn	Posts (monthly)	x≥15	15>x≥10	10>x≥5	x<5 (4)	Poor
Promotional videos	Views	x≥1000 (3151)	1000>x≥650	650>x≥250	x<250	Excellent
Webinars (MSc and PhD students)	Number	x≥10	10>x≥7 (9)	7>x≥4	x<4	Good
Webinars (MSc and PhD students)	Attendees (per event)	x≥20	20>x≥10 (15)	10>x≥5	x<5	Good
Overall success (score)						Moderate-High (1.7)

8 Dissemination Logbook

The SCARABEUS activities carried out so far by the project partners are listed in the Dissemination Logbook available on the project website. The information in the document confirms that, during the first thirty months of SCARABEUS, dissemination and communication activities have been developed according to the guidelines set forth in the first Dissemination and Communication Plan (D7.1). This also serves as an indicator of the type of activities that will be developed in the remainder of the project (M31-M48). A screenshot of the Dissemination Logbook is shown in Table 7.

Table 7 – Dissemination & Communication activities listed in the Dissemination Logbook available on the project website (part 1)



DISSEMINATION & COMMUNICATION LOGBOOK (WP7)

Entry #	Date	Title	Description	Type	WP	Task	Lead	Available	Link to publication	Additional Info
1	12/4/19	Kick-off meeting	SCARABEUS kick-off meeting	M	1	1.1	POLIMI	NA	Brussels	Brussels
2	1/7/19	Supercritical CARbon dioxide/Alternative fluids Blends for Efficiency Upgrade of Solar power plant	Italian National Infoday for the 2020 - SC3 Secure, Clean and Efficient Energy	Gen	7		UNIBS	Yes		Presentation by Paolo Iora Rome, Italy
3	24/7/19	Abengoa announces its participation in the SCARABEUS project through its blog	Publication in the company blog	Gen	7		ABE	Yes		General public communication action
4	2/8/19	Investigating the effect of using different CO2 blends as working fluids on the turbine design for a 100 MWe Power plant	7th International sCO2 Power Cycles Symposium	Con	3		CITY	No		Paper withdrawn due to conference rescheduling
5	2/8/19	An evaluation of sCO2-additives for properties modification used for power cycle applications based on process simulation	7th International sCO2 Power Cycles Symposium	Con	4		TUW	No		Paper withdrawn due to conference rescheduling
6	2/8/19	Updated Review of the Potential of Supercritical Carbon Dioxide Cycles for Concentrating Solar Power Applications	7th International sCO2 Power Cycles Symposium	Con	5		USE	No		Paper withdrawn due to conference rescheduling
7	2/8/19	Supercritical CO2 power cycle research by European Academia: SCARABEUS	7th International sCO2 Power Cycles Symposium	Spk	5		USE	No		Invited speaker Conference rescheduled for February 22th to 25th 2021, San Antonio (TX)
8	14/8/19	Types of heat exchangers for sCO2 power cycles	Bachelor thesis; author: Alexandra Puchegger	Gen	6		TUW	Yes		Printed version available at Institute for Energy Systems and Thermodynamics
9	20/9/19	Supercritical CO2/Alternative Fluid Blends for Efficiency Upgrade of Solar Power Plant	Presentation at the 3rd European Supercritical CO2 Conference	Con	7		POLIMI	Yes	Link to paper: https://duepublico2.uni-due.de/receive/duepublico_mods_00048892 Link to presentation: https://sco2.eu/fileadmin/user_upload/presentations/2019/ID-141.pdf	Paris, 19th and 20th of September 2019
10	1/10/19	Writing successful proposals for the H2020 programme: SCARABEUS	Presentation at the Infoday for the 2020 - SC3 Secure, Clean and Efficient Energy	Gen	7		USE	No		Panel session. David Sánchez panelist Seville, Spain
11	1/10/19	Supercritical Carbon Dioxide / Alternative Fluid Blends for Efficiency Upgrade of Solar Power Plants	25th SolarPACES conference	Con	7		POLIMI	No		Poster session
12	8/10/19	Interview with Prof. Manzolini	Interview with Maurizio Melis for Smart City, broadcasted nationally by Radio 24	Gen	7		POLIMI	Yes		Podcast available for download
13	22/11/19	Charakterisierung der Wärmeübergangseigenschaften von superkritischem CO2	Bachelor thesis; author: Paul Schwarzmayr; title translated in English: 'characterisation of heat transfer of supercritical CO2'	Gen	6		TUW	Yes		Printed version (German language) available at Institute for Energy Systems and Thermodynamics; results will be shown in paper soon
14	27/11/19	Presentation of the project and synergies discussion with other EU projects	Attendance to the CSP workshop arranged by the EU commission	Gen	1		POLIMI	Yes		
15	4/12/19	Mean-line design of a supercritical CO2 micro axial turbine	Paper submitted to ASME Turbo Expo 2020	Con	3		CITY	On-request		Conference paper. Withdrawn and prepared for journal submission.
16	24/12/19	Experimental and analytical procedure for the characterization of innovative working fluids for power plants applications	Applied Thermal Engineering	Jou PR	2	2.1	UNIBS	Yes	Link to repository: http://hdl.handle.net/11379/531838 Link to publisher: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1359431120329951	Gold Open Access
17	31/1/19	Überblick und Ergebnisse bestehender sCO2 Forschungsanlagen	Term paper; author: Philip Bukovcan	Gen	6		TUW	On-request		Title translated to English: 'Overview and results of existing sCO2 test rigs'
18	17/2/20	Wärmeübergangseigenschaften von superkritischem CO2	Term paper; author: Paul Schwarzmayr	Gen	6		TUW	On-request		More theoretical work of bachelor thesis
19	31/3/20	Kelvin's Printed Circuit Heat Exchanger	Webinar regarding Kelvin's Printed Circuit Heat Exchanger including general communication about the SCARABEUS project	Spk	4		KEL	Yes	SCARABEUS part at 26 min and 15 s Available @ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1XnVQIKORX4	Article published online in the New Energy Update journal. Link: https://analysis.newenergyupdate.com/csp-today/blended-sco2-fluids-could-slash-csp-costs-early-data-shows
20	2/4/20	Blended sCO2 fluids could slash CSP costs, early data shows	Article in New Energy Update	Jou NPR	7		USE	Yes	Article published online in the New Energy Update journal. Link: https://analysis.newenergyupdate.com/csp-today/blended-sco2-fluids-could-slash-csp-costs-early-data-shows	Article published online in the New Energy Update journal. Link: https://analysis.newenergyupdate.com/csp-today/blended-sco2-fluids-could-slash-csp-costs-early-data-shows
21	22/4/20	Modelling and simulation of CSP systems	Workshop	Gen	5		USE	On-request		Workshop for MSc and PhD students interested in the topic. Delivered at USE during the 2nd Progress Meeting (CANCELLED due to COVID-19)
22	22/4/20	Role and challenges for CSP in the future energy landscape	Networking event	Gen	7		USE	On-request		Networking event jointly organised by SCARABEUS and SOCRATES. Co-located with the 2nd Progress Meeting at USE (April 21st 2020) (CANCELLED due to COVID-19)
23	29/4/20	CO2-based mixtures for transcritical cycle in CSP applications	Master Thesis dissertation	Gen	2		POLIMI	No		Master thesis dissertation
24	30/4/20	Cost of Electricity of Concentrated Solar Power Plants Using Supercritical Carbon Dioxide Power Cycles	Journal paper for Applied Thermal Engineering's special issue on sCO2 technologies	Jou PR	5	TS.1.1	USE	Yes	Under review	Under review
25	6/6/20	Thermodynamic models for CO2 based mixtures : application in transcritical cycles for concentrating solar power plants	Master Thesis dissertation	Gen	2		POLIMI	No		
26	1/7/20	Influence of CO2 based mixture transport properties on the design of heat exchangers	Master Thesis dissertation	Gen	2		UNIBS	On-request		
27	14/7/20	Corrosion behavior of metallic alloys used in sCO2 power cycles	Master Thesis dissertation	Gen	2		UNIBS	On-request		
28	22/7/20	Potential of Supercritical Carbon Dioxide Power Cycles to Reduce the Levelised Cost of Electricity of Contemporary Concentrated Solar Power Plants	Journal paper for Applied Sciences's special issue on sCO2 technologies	Jou PR	5	TS.1.1	USE	Yes	Link to repository: https://idus.us.es/handle/11441/102126 Link to publisher: https://www.mdpi.com/2076-3417/10/15/5049/htm	Open Access
29	23/7/20	Mean-line design of a supercritical CO2 micro-axial turbine	Journal paper for Applied Sciences's special issue on sCO2 technologies	Jou PR	3		CITY	Yes	Link to publisher: https://www.mdpi.com/2076-3417/10/15/5069/htm	Open Access

Table 8 – Dissemination & Communication activities listed in the Dissemination Logbook available on the project website (part 2)



DISSEMINATION & COMMUNICATION LOGBOOK (WP7)

Entry #	Date	Title	Description	Type	WP	Task	Lead	Available	Link to publication	Additional Info
30	28/7/20	Assessment of the relative importance of boundary conditions on the performance of a cascade of axial compressor blades operating on ideal and non-ideal working fluids	Bachelor thesis	Gen	3 & 5		USE	Yes		In Spanish. Available upon request.
31	13/8/20	Thermal efficiency gains enabled by using supercritical CO ₂ mixtures in Concentrated Solar Power applications	Paper presented at the 4th European sCO ₂ Conference for Energy Systems	Con	5	TS.2	USE	Yes	Link to presentation: https://sco2.eu/fileadmin/user_upload/presentations/2021/Crespi-Thermal_efficiency_gains_enabled_by_using_supercritical_CO2_mixtures-141_c.pdf Link to paper: https://duepublico2.uni-due.de/receive/duepublico_mods_00073942	Paper selected for journal publication Energy. Joint activity by USE, POLIMI, UNIBS and LEAP
32	13/8/20	Binary interaction parameter uncertainty in the optimisation of a transcritical cycle: consequences on turbine design	Paper presented at the 4th European sCO ₂ Conference for Energy Systems	Con	3		CITY	No	Link to presentation: https://sco2.eu/fileadmin/user_upload/presentations/2021/Aqel-Binary_interaction_parameter_uncertainty_in_the_optimisation-126_c.pdf Link to paper: https://duepublico2.uni-due.de/receive/duepublico_mods_00073959	
33	1/9/20	SCARABEUS project page on Quantis website	Dissemination through website	Gen	5		QUA	Yes	Available on company's website	Available on company's website
34	25/9/20	Preliminary investigation of the influence of equations of state on the performance of CO ₂ + C ₆ F ₆ as innovative working fluid in transcritical cycles	Journal paper published in Energy	Jou PR	2		UNIBS	Yes	Link to paper: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0360544221020636	Gold Open Access
35	1/10/20	Adoption of CO ₂ blended with C ₆ F ₆ as working fluid in CSP plants	Paper presented at SolarPACES	Con	2 & 5		POLIMI	No	Link to publication not available yet	Oral presentation at SolarPACES 2020 (online), September 28 - October 2 Joint activity by POLIMI, UNIBS and USE
36	1/10/20	Comparison of CFD Predictions of Supercritical Carbon Dioxide Axial Flow Turbines Using a Number of Turbulence Models	Paper presented at ASME Turbo Expo 2021	Con	3		CITY	No		Paper accepted for publication.
37	3/10/20	Sensitivity of transcritical cycle and turbine design to dopant fraction in CO ₂ -based working fluids	Journal paper for Applied Thermal Engineering's special issue on sCO ₂ technologies	Jou PR	3		CITY	Yes	Link to publisher: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1359431121002489	Gold Open Access
38	7/10/20	Supercritical CO ₂ blends for Concentrated Solar Power plants: H ₂ O ₂ SCARABEUS project	Live webinar: Supercritical CO ₂ cycles - Theory and applications	Spk	5		ABE	Yes		Invited speaker to live webinar sponsored by KTH Energy Platform, October 7, 2020
39	20/12/20	Innovative CO ₂ based fluids used in transcritical power cycle for CSP applications	Master Thesis dissertation	Gen	2		POLIMI	No		
40	16/3/21	Influence of Working Fluid Composition on the Optimum Characteristics of Blended Supercritical Carbon Dioxide Cycles	Paper presented at ASME Turbo Expo 2021	Con	5	TS.1.2	USE	Yes		Gold Open Access
41	15/4/21	Dynamische Simulation und Analyse des Wärmeübergangs eines Kohlenstoffdioxid Kreisprozesses	MSc thesis	Gen	6		TUW	Yes	https://repositum.tuwien.at/handle/20.500.12708/17365	In German
42	4/5/21	The Potential of Supercritical Cycles Based on CO ₂ Mixtures in Concentrated Solar Power Plants: an Exergy-Based Analysis	Paper submitted to the 6th International Seminar on ORC Power Systems	Con	5	TS.1.2	USE	On-request		Paper accepted
43	17/5/21	Thermal Efficiency Gains Enabled by Using Supercritical CO ₂ Mixtures in Concentrated SolarPower Applications	Paper published in Energy	Jou PR	5	TS.1.2	USE	Yes	Link to paper: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0360544221021472	Gold Open Access Joint publication with POLIMI & UNIBS
44	3/9/21	Potential and challenges of the utilization of CO ₂ -mixtures in supercritical power cycles of Concentrated Solar Power plants	Abstract submitted to the 7th International Supercritical Power Cycles Symposium	Con	5	TS.1.2	USE	Yes		Gold Open Access Abstract accepted
45	3/9/21	Thermodynamic assessment and optimisation of supercritical and transcritical power cycles operating on CO ₂ mixtures	Abstract submitted to the 7th International Supercritical Power Cycles Symposium	Con	5	TS.1.2	USE	Yes		Gold Open Access Abstract accepted
46	15/9/21	Investigation of CO ₂ mixtures to overcome the limits of sCO ₂ cycles	Paper presented at ATI 2021	Con	2		POLIMI	Yes		Oral presentation at ATI 2021 (online), September 15-17 Joint activity by POLIMI & UNIBS
47	17/9/21	Adoption of CO ₂ -SO ₂ mixtures as working fluid in a transcritical Recompression cycle	Paper submitted to Applied Thermal Engineering	Jou PR	5	TS.1.2	USE	Yes		Gold Open Access
48	31/9/21	Adoption of CO ₂ Mixtures as Working Fluid for CSP Cycles with Linear Collectors and Molten Salts as HTF	Paper presented at SolarPACES	Con	2		POLIMI	Yes		Oral presentation at SolarPACES 2021 (online), September 27 - October 1 Joint activity by POLIMI & UNIBS
49	31/9/21	CO ₂ mixtures for CSP plant: techno-economic analysis of the overall system (Ongoing)	Master Thesis dissertation	Gen	2		POLIMI	No		Thesis ongoing

Conclusions

This Deliverable report has presented the definition, scope and features of the Final Dissemination and Communication Plan, confirming or modifying the strategies and schedule of activities provided in the first and second versions of the document (D7.1 and D7.7). While doing so, the document has also commented on the type and impact of the most relevant dissemination and communication activities carried out by the project partners so far.

From the information given in the document, the following conclusions can be drawn:

- The situation brought about by COVID-19, in particular the impact on mobility of researchers, has introduced mandatory changes to the schedule of activities presented in the first and second Dissemination and Communication Plans. Face-to-face conferences and dissemination events are no longer possible and the exchange of researchers is hindered.
- Dissemination through peer-reviewed journal papers was preferred over conference presentations in the previous Dissemination and Communication Plans, given the cancellation of many events at the beginning of the pandemic. Nevertheless, the adaption of these meetings to virtual events and the development of platforms enabling networking and interaction has changed this approach. Accordingly, the SCARABEUS consortium has exploited these dissemination opportunities in the last year and a half.
- Face-to-face workshops and events have been cancelled and they have been replaced by webinars broadcasted live. Virtually, all the consortium participates to this activity which has been well attended and has confirmed the interest in the research carried out in SCARABEUS. A critical assessment of these webinars suggests that more in-depth analysis be added to the webinars.
- The number of initiatives to promote joint dissemination actions with other projects has gained relevance, given the larger number of projects related to supercritical Carbon Dioxide technologies that are currently funded by the European Commission. Unfortunately, most of these activities have been cancelled or postponed for reasons that fall beyond the command of the consortium. Nevertheless, the interest triggered by these initiatives sets the pathway forward to reach out to more stakeholders.
- Social media and website have been able to reach out to the target audience and stakeholders. This confirms the appropriateness of the dissemination routes even though efforts must be made to increase the frequency of the regular updates and the technical contents of the information sent out.

Overall, the dissemination metrics confirm that the consortium is walking in the right direction, especially in the more scientific activities. Even though there is still margin for improvement in different categories, in particular those related to social media, the current scores indicates that communication and dissemination are currently effective.

For any query about Dissemination and Communication activities, please get in contact with Prof. David Sánchez at ds@us.es.